Using Machine-Learning to Evaluate and Understand our Capability to Model **Tropical Wetland Methane Emissions**

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Project Details/Updates

Work initially funded via CMUG has now grown into a wider research project:

- "The First Environmental Digital Twin Dedicated to Understanding Tropical Wetland Methane Emissions for Improved Predictions of Climate Change"
- Funded as part of my 4-year UKRI Future Leaders Fellowship ٠

As part of CMUG project:

- Focused on Africa ٠
- We're developing an emulator for JULES wetland methane ٠
- Will use it's explainability to show which factors matter in the model ٠
- Will drive the emulator with CCI EO data to generate wetland fluxes ٠
- Compare those to a CH₄ inversions performed on GOSAT/TROPOMI ESA-CCI data ٠

As part of FLF:

- Focused on whole Tropics •
- We'll extend emulator to other models from Global Carbon Project
- Develop EO ML-based wetland extent datasets ٠
- Combine hydrological models with our land surface models to better represent wetland dynamics ٠
- Improve methane wetland emissions in UK Earth System Model for climate predictions (including ESMValTool recipes for evaluation)
- Develop "climate services" around this capability, providing decision support to stakeholders











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Complex



Unexplained Increases

Alarming and Urgent



Tropical Wetlands?

Missing Knowledge

The Problems

The First Problem. Significant differences between the methane from models **The Second Problem.** Models fail at correctly simulating the size and location of wetlands



Parker et al., Biogeosciences, 2022

The key research questions that I will address:

How are tropical wetland methane emissions responding to climate change?
How will they continue to do so under future climate scenarios?









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Models disagree

"Models demonstrate extensive disagreement in their simulations of wetland areal extent and CH_4 emissions, in both space and time" – Melton et al., 2013

Intercomparisons are challenging

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Wetland extent = huge uncertainty

"Our simulated wetland extents are also difficult to evaluate due to extensive disagreements between wetland mapping and remotely sensed inundation datasets." – Melton 2013

Partnering with Planet



- New ML-based wetland extent dataset
- Improve estimates of wetland extent



Sudd Wetlands in South Sudan

Parker et al., Rem. Sensing of Env., 2018 Parker et al., Biogeosciences, 2020 Parker et al., Biogeosciences, 2022





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Vision

We will develop a **new world-class capability in Environmental Digital Twins**, enabling cutting-edge science and truly impacting on climate policy decision-making.







Wetland Extent

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Wetland Methane

0.6

0.8

1.0 1e-11

- Ensemble of simulations
- Currently 6 members but work ongoing
 - Different forcing meteorology
- Different temperature dependencies
 - Different soil types





We train a **machinelearning** decision-tree model (*emulator*) using JULES data to reproduce wetland extent and methane emissions.





Advantages

- ✓ We can run many simulations very fast
- ✓ No need for expert knowledge
- ✓ No need for expensive supercomputers
- ✓ We can derive useful metrics for users
- ✓ They can be deployed on web platforms
- They can integrate many types of data
- Explainable AI.







Model-data fusion

We will drive the emulator with input based on ESA-CCI data to produce new wetland CH_4 emissions, consistent with observed LST and soil moisture.



temperature cci soil moisture cci

land surface





ML-based Architecture for Segmentation and Classification



VS

EO-based Extent

















Next Steps

- Continue with additional JULES simulations to extend ensemble
- Discuss with CCI teams (LST, soil moisture) on most appropriate datasets to use to drive emulator
- Develop wetland extent datasets and make use of CCI land cover

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- Continue to develop emulator
 - Fairly slow process as lots of potential combinations of input features
- Evaluate against GHG-CCI CH₄ data
 - Perform regional flux inversions

EO-based Extent

Wetland Extent

Methane (CH₄)

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For more details, please see poster and talk to Cristina, Khunsa and Chandana ③



