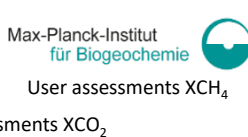


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Overview

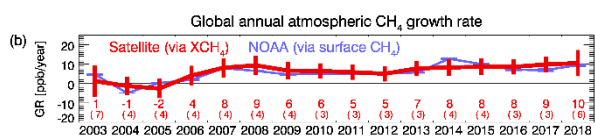
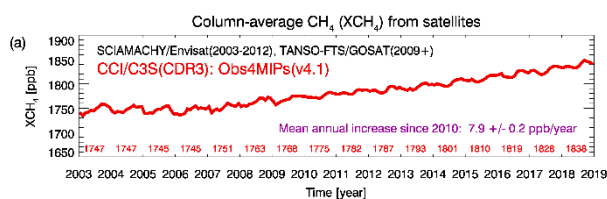
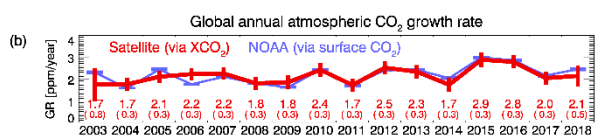
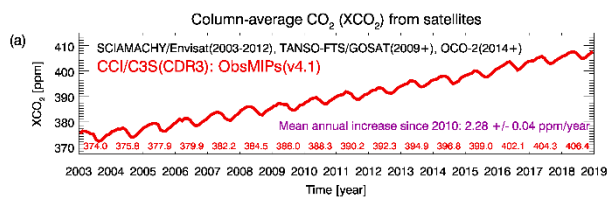
Focus of GHG-CCI+ (start: March 2019) is R&D to develop and/or improve retrieval algorithms and to generate new data products useful for C3S and other climate and carbon services and applications.

GHG-CCI+ ECV data products:

- Column-averaged dry-air mole fractions of carbon dioxide (CO₂) and methane (CH₄) - denoted XCO₂ and XCH₄ - from OCO-2, Sentinel-5 Precursor, TanSat, and GOSAT-2
- Products are available from <http://cci.esa.int/data>

Growth rates

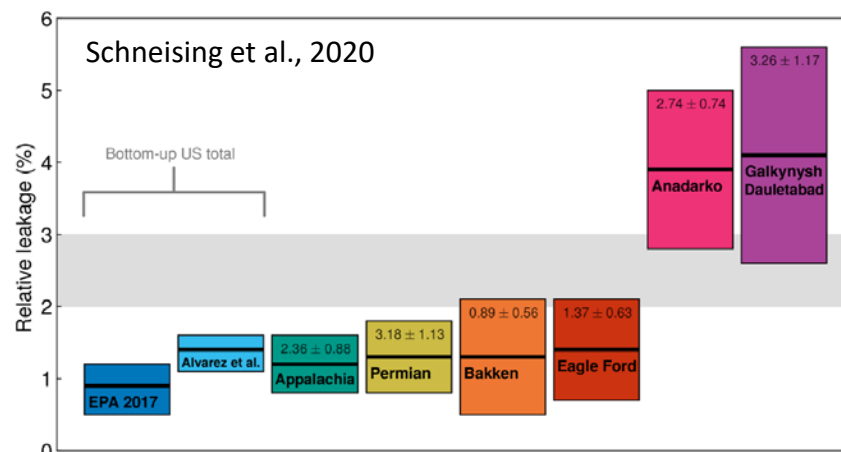
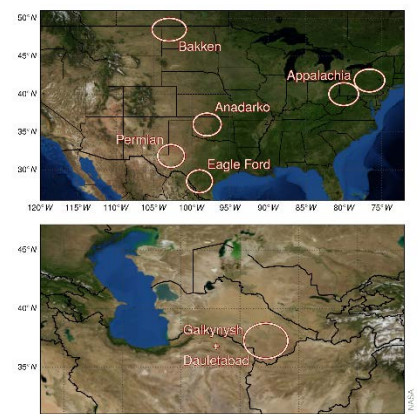
GHG-CCI pre-cursor products are now extended & generated operationally via Copernicus Climate Change Service (C3S) and are available via Copernicus Climate Data Store (CDS). Here we show time series and corresponding growth rates. Details see Reuter et al., 2020.



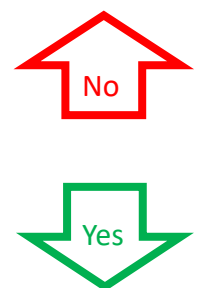
Methane emissions gas & oil fields

Methane emissions of major gas and oil fields in Turkmenistan and the USA and corresponding leakage rates relative to energy production have been derived from the new GHG-CCI+ Sentinel-5-Precursor XCH₄ product as generated with the WFMD retrieval algorithm (Schneising et al., 2019).

Energy production from burning natural gas or oil produces less CO₂ per unit of energy compared to burning coal but this requires (depending on time scale) that leakage rates are not too high. Therefore, quantification of leakage rates is important.



Immediate climate benefit relative to burning coal?



GHG-CCI+ documents:

- URD (update), ATBDs, PUGs, E3UB, PVIR: Available from <http://cci.esa.int/ghg>

Selected references

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- Schneising et al., Remote sensing of methane leakage from natural gas and petroleum systems revisited, ACP, 2020.
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